Vocational

education and

training: the OECD

experience

José Luis Álvarez Galván

jose-luis.alvarez-galvan@oecd.org





- 1. VET: definition & purpose
- 2. The OECD mission
- 3. The OECD experience:
 - ✓ Learnings for Jobs
 - ✓ Skills beyond School
 - What we have learnt
- 4. Conclusions

1. VET: definition & purpose

 Vocational education (and training) is defined as education that offers participants the opportunity to acquire the practical skills, knowledge, and understanding necessary for employment in a particular occupation or trade or class of occupations or trades.

1. VET: definition & purpose

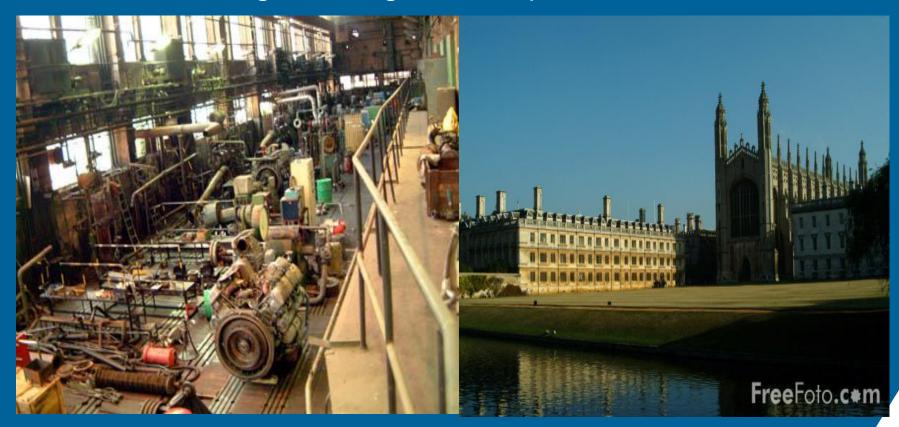
 Successful completion of such programmes leads to a labour market-relevant vocational qualification recognised by the competent authorities in the country in which it is obtained (e.g. Ministry of Education, employers' associations, etc.).



- It requires both practical and theoretical learning.
- It can be found at secondary and tertiary levels.
- It targets different groups (youth, adults, unemployed).



The big challenge: two separate worlds





• To support countries in the task of provide the skills needed in many of the fastest growing and technical professional jobs in the economy. In particular, the OECD reviews try to address the range of policy questions arising, including funding and governance, matching supply and demand, quality assurance and equity and access, among others.



- *Learning for Jobs*: uppersecondary, 17 countries
- Skills beyond School:
 postsecondary level, 22
 countries... preliminarily...

Formation et emploi : relever le défi de la réussite

〈OECD職業教育訓練レビュー:統合報告書〉

Learning for Jobs

Preparándose para trabajar

若者の能力開発

취업을 위한 학습 Learning for Jobs

Lernen für die Arbeitswelt



OECD Reviews of Vocational **Education and Training**

A Skills beyond School **Review of Switzerland**

OECD Reviews of Vocational **Education and Training**

A SKILLS BEYOND SCHOOL COMMENTARY ON ICELAND

> **OECD** Reviews of Vocational Education and Training

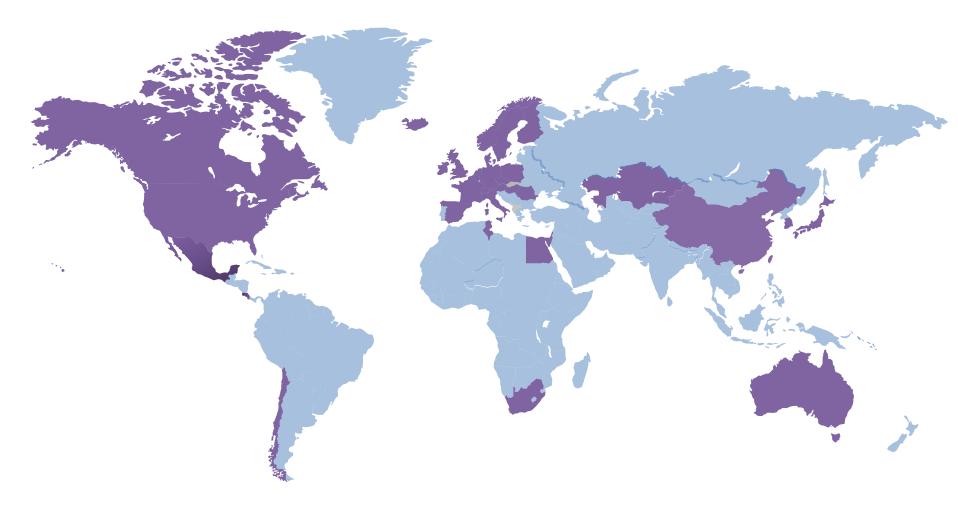
A Skills beyond School **Review of Korea**

Viktória Kis and Eunah Park

ning them into better jobs and better lives

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OECD reviews of vocational education and training







• Our methodology:

Background report questionnaire filled-in by countries

– Country visit:

• Interviews and meetings with local stakeholders (more than 5 thousand people to date)

– Drafting of an OECD report



What have we learnt?
 Nine characteristics of high quality vocational education and training

systems.



 Vocational provision developed in a partnership between government, employers and unions.



2. High quality apprenticeship
systems, covering a wide range of
professional domains and including
higher level apprenticeships.



Work-based learning
 systematically integrated into all
 vocational programmes.



 A range of programmes that provide inclusive opportunities for all and minimise drop-out.



 Qualifications reflecting labour market needs that are nationally consistent but allow for a locally negotiated element.



6. Avenues of progression from initial vocational programmes to both higher level vocational and academic programmes.



7. A vocational teaching workforce containing a balance of teaching skills and up-to-date industry knowledge and experience.



8. Provision suitable to adults with working and home commitments.



 9. Better data on vocational programmes in international categorisations, and labour market outcomes.



Three key areas are of vital importance for VET: ✓What is taught ✓ How is taught ✓ Where is taught

Thank you!

The OECD VET team:

Simon Field Viktoria Kis Malgorzata Kuczera Pauline Musset Jennifer Cannon Elisa Larrakoetchea Hendrickje Windisch and José-Luis Álvarez-Galván

www.oecd.org/education/VET

